美草 酉の市

霜月 西の日 酉の寺

される、鷲妙見大菩薩のご開帳日に立つ門前市から 来る年の幸を願う浅草酉の市、 始まりは長国寺に安置



浅草「酉の寺」長国寺に安置される、 姿から、 の門前市が 江戸 「酉の市」 時代「おとりさま」と親しまれて 花又村のほうが盛んでした。 花又村(現在足立区)の酉の市を本の酉、とき と呼ばれ、 現在 鷲妙見大菩薩は、 の浅草酉の市の発端となっています。 いました。そのご開帳日(十一月酉 しかし長国寺東隣に移った吉原の賑 宝剣をかざし 浅草の市を新の酉とい て鷲の背に立 当時は の日) 7





運 招福 商賣繁 昌

有名になります。

江戸 長国寺の酉の市では、絵に描いた大判小判、 時節がら、 の名物となった酉の市。 落ち葉を掃き寄せる熊手が売られていました。 当初、 花又村の露店では、 おかめ の面などを飾っ 月と 後に浅草

黄金餅

が財をかき込む、

福をかき込む

という縁起をかつ

商売繁昌を願う人々に大歓迎されました

小さな竹の熊手に、

たわわ

頭学 頭の芋や黄金餅とともに、 方、長国寺では「 お守りとして、 に実る稲穂をつけたお守りを出していました。現在も開運招福の かっこめ熊手」と呼ぶ、

まれるなど、 廣重の絵に度々描かれたり、 酉の市の賑わ 江戸庶民の生活に欠かせない行事として知ら 当時のまま参詣者にさずけて いはまた、 其角の句に「春を待つ事のはじめや酉の市」と詠 様々な文芸の格好の主題にされています。 います。 町人文化が華ひ れて いました。 今

酉の市は各地で開かれますが、それは江戸

浅草「酉の寺」長国寺、唯ひとつで 明治時代の神仏分離令で お寺での開催は、東京ではこと 酉の市を開いています。 長国寺は「酉の寺」長国寺と 爲神社に分かれ、今、 戸の文化を伝える酉の市 各々が

の伝統を三六〇余年間受け継ぐ、浅草酉 の市が広まったものです。

熊手

The History of Asakusa Tori no Ichi

Asakusa Tori no Ichi dates back to the open-air market held on the day of a ceremonial exhibition of a Buddhist image for Washi Myoken Daibosatsu-a Great Bodhisattva at Chokokuji Temple that was familiar to the people during the Edo Era because of its statue standing on the back of an eagle with a treasure sword. The Great Bodhisattva was called "Otorisama" by the populace.

The open-air market was used to be held on the day of a ceremonial exhibition of a Buddhist image for Washi Myoken Daibosatsu that was the 10th zodiac day in November and was called "Tori no Ichi" This "Tori no Ichi" then became the origin of the current Asakusa Tori no Ichi open-air roadside market.

In the beginning, Tori no Ichi that was held in Kasai Hanamata Village (currently in Adachi-ku) was called "Hon no Tori" and the another one held in Asakusa was called "Shin no Tori" whilst the former was more thriving than the latter in those days. It then so happened thereafter that Yoshiwara, a famous pleasure resort was then re-located to the east adjacent area of Chokokuji Temple that made Asakusa Tori no Ichi the most famous annual event in Edo.

GOOD LUCK AND HAPPINESS-GOOD BUSINESS AND PROSPERITY

"Tori no Ichi" that became a special and famous event in Edo had its origin in Hanamata Village where the open-air market had been held in the month of November to sell the bamboo rakes for cleaning autumn leaves by the populace.

Later on, Tori no Ichi at Chokokuji Temple sold a bamboo rake called "Engi Kumade" decorated with the illustration of Japanese gold and silver coins and many other treasures, and a moon-faced woman's mask called "Okame" which were believed by the people as a sign of good luck bringing an excellent fortune.

"Kashira no imo" and "Kogane mochi" were also believed leading toward good fortune and wealth for the populace believing in omens. On the other hand, the Chokokuji Temple itself sold an amulet called "Kakkome Kumade" that was a small bomboo rake decorated with a rich crop of rice. Currently, visitors to the Temple can also get the same amulet for good fortune, luck and wealth.

In Edo Era, the populace culture was flourishing and in particular thriving

"Tori no Ichi" was taken up as the subject and theme in the field of then art and literature-Hiroshige, the master of "Ukiyoe" often drew a picture of "Tori no Ichi" and a famous "Haiku" composer composed "Haru wo matsu, koto no hajime ya Tori no Ichi" Thus Tori no Ichi was an indispensable annual event to the populace in Edo. Nowadays, Tori no Ichi is being held at various places in the country having been pervaded by Asakusa Tori no Ichi with more than 360 years heritage from the Edo Era.

In line with the legal enforcement of Shintoism and Buddhism separation during the Meiji Era, the Chokokuji Temple was separated to Tori no Tera Chokokuji Temple and Ootori Shinto Shrine and each of them has been holding its own Tori no Ichi. In Tokyo, Asakusa Chokokuji is the only one Temple solely held by the Tori no Ichi with the cultural heritage from the Edo Era. (In general, Tori no Ichi is held by the special Shinto Shrines.)

Tori no Ichi and Edo Populace: Tori no Ichi is one of the biggest turning points in the yuletied for ending up the past year for a nearing happy New Year to come.
Washi & Ootori: An eagle.

